

UD info Corp.

Industrial microSD Card uSD-08UG Series
Product DataSheet



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Revision History

| Revision | Draft Date | History | Author |
|----------|------------|--------------------------------------|------------|
| 1.0 | 2021/9/9 | New release | Golden Lee |
| 1.1 | 2021/10/5 | Update performance | Golden Lee |
| 1.2 | 2022/9/20 | Added BiCS5 wide temperature support | Golden Lee |
| 1.3 | 2022/10/4 | Added 512GB support | Golden Lee |
| 1.4 | 22023/7/6 | Revise dimension | Golden Lee |





Product Overview

- Capacity
 - TLC: 64GB up to 512GB
 - pSLC: 16GB up to 128GB
- Flash Type
 - Kioxia BiCS5
- Bus Speed Mode
 - Up to UHS-104
- Performance
 - Read up to 95MB/s
 - Write up to 85MB/s
- Power Consumption^{Note1}
 - Power Up Current < 250uA
 - Standby Current < 1mA
 - Read Current < 400mA
 - Write Current < 400mA
- CPRM Optional (Content Protection for Recordable Media)

- MTBF
 - More than 3,000,000 hours
- Advanced Flash Management
 - Static and Dynamic Wear Leveling
 - Bad Block Management
 - SMART
 - Auto-Read Refresh
 - Embedded Mode
- Supply Voltage 2.7V ~ 3.6V
- Temperature Range
 - Operation Temperature:
 - > Standard/Gold: -25°C ~ 85°C
 - Wide: -40°C ~ 85°C
 - Storage: -40°C ~ 85°C
- RoHS Compliant
- EMI Compliant

Notes:

1. Please see "Power Consumption" for details.



Performance

| 0 | | Specifi | ication | | | Test Metrix Performance | | |
|------------------------|-------|---------|---------|-------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------|--|
| Capacity | Class | UHS-I | vsc | APP | Flash Configuration | Read | Write | |
| | Class | 0ПЗ-1 | VSC | Class | | (MB/s) | (MB/s) | |
| 64GB | CL10 | U3 | V30 | A2 | 512Gb x1, BiCS5, TLC | 95 | 50 | |
| 128GB | CL10 | U3 | V30 | A2 | 512Gb x2, BiCS5, TLC | 95 | 85 | |
| 256GB | CL10 | U3 | V30 | A2 | 512Gb x4, BiCS5, TLC | 95 | 85 | |
| 512GB ^{Note1} | CL10 | U3 | V30 | A2 | 512Gb x8, BiCS5, TLC | 95 | 85 | |
| 16GB | CL10 | U3 | V30 | A2 | 512Gb x1, BiCS5, pSLC | 95 | 85 | |
| 32GB | CL10 | U3 | V30 | A2 | 512Gb x2, BiCS5, pSLC | 95 | 85 | |
| 64GB | CL10 | U3 | V30 A2 | | 512Gb x3, BiCS5, pSLC | 95 | 85 | |
| 128GB | CL10 | U3 | V30 | A2 | 512Gb x6, BiCS5, pSLC | 95 | 85 | |

Note:

1. Only support Standard/Gold grade -25°C ~ 85°C.







1.1. General Description

The Micro Secure Digital (microSD) card is fully compliant with the standards released by the SD Card Association. The Command List supports [Part 1 Physical Layer Specification Ver6.10 Final] definitions. Card capacities of the nonsecure area and secure area (if needed) support [Part 3 Security Specification Ver4.00 Final] Specifications.

The microSD card comes with an 8-pin interface, designed to operate at a maximum frequency of 208MHz. It can alternate communication protocol between the SD mode and SPI mode. It performs data error detection and correction with very low power consumption. SD card are one of the most popular removable storage cards today due to its high performance, good reliability and wide compatibility.





2. PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Capacity

- TLC: 64GB up to 512GB
- pSLC: 16GB up to 128GB

Compliant Specifications - SD Memory Card Specifications:

- Compliant with Part 1 Physical Layer Specification Ver. 6.10
- Compliant with Part 2 File System Specification Ver. 3.00
- Compliant with Part 3 Security Specification Ver. 7.00
- Standard Size SD Card Mechanical Addendum Ver. 7.0
- Card capacity of non-secure area and secure area support [Part 3 Security Specification
 Ver4.0 Final] Specifications
- Support SD SPI mode
- Designed for read-only and read/write cards
- Bus Speed Mode (use 4 parallel data lines)

■ Non-UHS mode

- ➤ Default speed mode: 3.3V signaling, frequency up to 25MHz, up to 12.5 MB/sec
- High speed mode: 3.3V signaling, frequency up to 50MHz, up to 25 MB/sec

UHS-I mode

- > SDR12: SDR up to 25MHz, 1.8V signaling
- SDR25: SDR up to 50MHz, 1.8V signaling
- SDR50: 1.8V signaling, frequency up to 100MHz, up to 50 MB/sec
- SDR104: 1.8V signaling, frequency up to 208MHz, up to 104 MB/sec
- DDR50: 1.8V signaling, frequency up to 50MHz, sampled on both clock edges, up to 50
 MB/sec

Note:

- 1. Timing in 1.8V signaling is different from that of 3.3V signaling.
- 2. To properly run the UHS mode, please ensure the device supports UHS-I mode.
- The command list supports [Part 1 Physical Layer Specification Ver6.10] definitions
 - Command list are described in "Table 3-2 SD mode Command Set" and "Table 3-3 SPI mode
 Command Set" in this document
- Copyrights Protection Mechanism

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- Compliant with the highest security of SDMI standard
- Support CPRM (Content Protection for Recordable Media) of SD Card
 - Compliant with [Physical Layer Specification Ver6.10 Final] CPRM optional definition.

Note: CPRM card is compliant with [Physical Layer Specification Ver5.10 Final]

- Support Hot Plug
 - Card removal during read operation will never harm the content
- Password Protection of cards (optional)
- Designed for read intensive and write intensive cards
- Built-in write protection features (permanent and temporary)
- Write Protect feature using mechanical switch (Full SD Card only)
- ESD protection in contact pads
 - ESD protection in pads (contact discharge).
 - ESD protection in non-contact pad area (air discharge).
- Operation voltage range: 2.7 ~ 3.6V
- Temperature Range
 - Operation Temp. (Standard/Gold): -25°C ~ 85°C
 - Operation Temp. (Wide): -40°C ~ 85°C
 - Storage Temp. Range: -40°C ~ 85°C



3. ELECTRICAL INTERFACE OUTLINE

3.1. microSD Card Pins

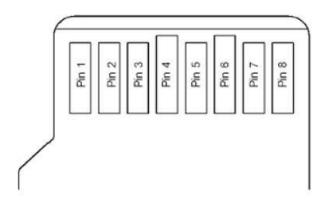


Figure 3-1 microSD Card Pin assignment (Back View of the card)

Table 3-1 microSD Memory Card Pad Assignment

| a a | | | VI | | | | | | |
|-----|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| nin | | SD N | lode | SPI Mode | | | | | |
| pin | Name | Type ¹ | Description | Name | Туре | Description | | | |
| 1 | DAT2 | I/O/PP | Data Line[bit2] | RSV | | | | | |
| 2 | CD/DAT3 ² | I/O/PP ³ | Card Detect/ Data Line[bit3] | CS | l ³ | Chip Select (neg. true) | | | |
| 3 | CMD | PP | Command/Response | DI | 7 | Data In | | | |
| 4 | V_{DD} | S | Supply voltage | V _{DD} | S | Supply voltage | | | |
| 5 | CLK | 1 | Clock | SCLK | in I | Clock | | | |
| 6 | V_{SS} | S | Supply voltage ground | V _{SS} | S 🧸 | Supply voltage ground | | | |
| 7 | DAT0 | I/O/PP | Data Line[bit0] | DO | O/PP | Data Out | | | |
| 8 | DAT1 | I/O/PP | Data Line[bit1] | RSV | 400000 | | | | |

- (1) S: power supply, I: input; O: output using push-pull drivers; PP: I/O using push-pull drivers
- (2) The extended DAT lines (DAT1-DAT3) are input on power up. They start to operate as DAT lines after SET_BUS_WIDTH command. The Host shall keep its own DAT1-DAT3 lines in input mode, as well, while they are not used. It is defined so, in order to keep compatibility to MultiMedia Cards.
- (3) At power up this line has a 50KOhm pull up enabled in the card. This resistor serves two functions Card detection and Mode Selection. For Mode Selection, the host can drive the line high or let it be pulled high to select SD mode. If the host wants to select SPI mode it should drive the line low. For Card detection, the host detects that the line is pulled high. This pull-up should be disconnected by the user during regular data transfer period, with SET_CLR_CARD_DETECT (ACMD42) command.



3.2. SD Bus Topology

The microSD card supports 2 alternative communication protocols, SD and SPI BUS mode.

Host can choose either one of both bus mode, same data can be read or written by both modes.

SD mode allows 4-bits data transfer way, it provides high performance. SPI mode supports 1-bit data transfer and of course the performance is lower compared to SD mode.

3.3. SD Bus Mode Protocol

In default speed, the SD Memory Card bus has a single master (application); multiple slaves (Cards), synchronous star topology (refer to Figure 3-2). In high speed and UHS-I, the SD Memory Card bus has a single master (application) and single slave (card), synchronous point to point topology. Clock, power and ground signals are common to all cards. Command (CMD) and data (DATO-DAT3) signals are dedicated to each card providing continues point to point connection to all the cards.

During initialization process commands are sent to each card individually, allowing the application to detect the cards and assign logical addresses to the physical slots. Data is always sent (received) to (from) each card individually. However, in order to simply the handling of the card stack, after the initialization process, all commands may be sent concurrently to all cards. Addressing information is provided in the command packet. SD bus allows dynamic configuration of the number of data lines. After power up, by default, the SD Memory Card will use only DATO for data transfer. After initialization the host can change the bus width (number of data active lines). This feature allows easy tradeoff between HW cost and system performance. Note that while DAT1 to DAT3 are not in use, the related Host's DAT lines should be in tri-state (input mode). For SDIO cards DAT1 and DAT2 are used for signaling.

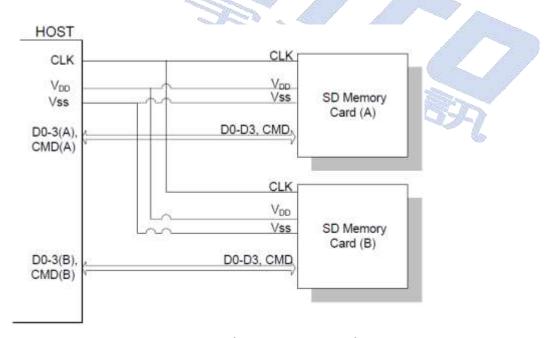


Figure 3-2 SD Memory Card System Bus Topology



The SD bus includes the following signals:

CLK: Host to card clock signal

CMD: Bidirectional Command/Response signal

DATO-DAT3: 4 Bidirectional data signals **VDD, Vss1, Vss2:** Power and ground signals

Table 3-2 SD Mode Command Set

| Card | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|--|--------------|----------------|-------|--------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--------|--|
| Command Class (CCC) | Basic | Comm and Queue | Block read | Reserv ed | Block Write | Erase | Write Protect -ion | Lock Card | Applica tion Specifi c | I/O mode | Switch | Extensi on |
| CMD0 | + | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD2 | + | | | le. | | | | | | | | |
| CMD3 | + | | E . | | la. | | | | | | | |
| CMD4 | + | | 17 | 4 | | | | | | | | |
| CMD5 | | | 100 | | 4 | | | | | + | | |
| CMD6 | Den A | | A STATE OF THE STA | | | | | | | | + | |
| CMD7 | + | 100 | 4- | , | 600 | 1 | | | | | | |
| CMD8 | + | | | | | | 4 | State | | | | |
| CMD9 | + | | W | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD10 | + | | T | | | A | 33,77 | Jim. | | | | |
| CMD11 | + | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD12 | + | | | | 4 | | A S | | | | | |
| CMD13 | + | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| CMD15 | + | | | | \$ | | | | | | | |
| CMD16 | | | + | | + | | 1 | + | 47 | | | |
| CMD17 | | | + | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD18 | | | + | | | | | 10 | | | | The state of the s |
| CMD19 | | | + | | | | | | - | · 6 | T | |
| CMD20 | | | + | | + | | | | | | 6 | |
| CMD21 | | | | | | | | | | | | + |
| CMD23 | | | + | | + | | | | | | | |
| CMD24 | | | | | + | | | | | | | |
| CMD25 | | | | | + | | | | | | | |
| CMD27 | | | | | + | | | | | | | |
| CMD28 | | | | | | | + | | | | | |
| CMD29 | | | | | | | + | | | | | |
| CMD30 | | | | | | | + | | | | | |
| CMD32 | | | | | | + | | | | | | |
| CMD33 | | | | | | + | | | | | | |



| | • | 4 | 3 | - | | _ | _ | - | C | C | 10 | 1.1 |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------|------------|---|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Card Command Class (CCC) | 0 Basic | Comm and Queue | Block read | Reserv ed | 4 Block Write | 5 Erase | 6 Write Protect -ion | 7 Lock Card | 8 Applica tion Specifi c | 9 I/O mode | 10 Switch | Extensi on |
| CMD34 | | | | | | | | | | | + | |
| CMD35 | | | | | | | | | | | + | |
| CMD36 | | | | | | | | | | | + | |
| CMD37 | | | | | | | | | | | + | |
| CMD38 | | | | | | + | | | | | | |
| CMD40 | | | | | | | | + | | | | |
| CMD42 | | | | | | | | + | | | | |
| CMD43 | | + | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD44 | | + | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD45 | 11/11/11 | + | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD46 | | + | | - | 200 | | | | | | | |
| CMD47 | | 4 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD48 | | 6 | 37.50 | | A. | | | | | | | + |
| CMD49 | and the same of th | 91 | Jan Park | | A | 1 | | | | | | + |
| CMD50 | - | 2,5 | | | | 7 | | 100 | | | + | |
| CMD52 | V | | (A) | | | | | | | + | | |
| CMD53 | | | J | | | | | | | + | | |
| CMD55 | | | y . | | | | N. S. | | + | | | |
| CMD56 | | | | | | | | | + | A | | |
| CMD57 | | | | | 4 | | A. Lind | A. C. | | | + | |
| CMD58 | | | | | Arrest | | | 6.3 | | | | + |
| CMD59 | | | | | | | | | R. V | Jan Park | 1 | + |
| ACMD6 | | | | | | | 7 | | + | A | | 2 3 |
| ACMD13 | | | | | | | | | + | San (5) | The same of the sa | 15.5 |
| ACMD14 | | | | | | | | | + | re | | and the same of th |
| ACMD15 | | | | | | | | | + | 1 | | |
| ACMD16 | | | | | | | | | + | | 6 | |
| ACMD22 | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD23 | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD28 | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD41 | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD42 | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD51 | | | | | | | | | + | | | |



| Commondo | Support Descriptors |
|----------|---|
| Commands | Support Requirements |
| CMD0 | Mandatory |
| CMD2 | Mandatory |
| CMD3 | Mandatory |
| CMD4 | Mandatory |
| CMD5 | Optional |
| CMD6 | Mandatory for cards version 1.10 and after |
| CMD7 | Mandatory |
| CMD8 | Mandatory for cards version 2.00 and after |
| CMD9 | Mandatory |
| CMD10 | Mandatory |
| CMD11 | Mandatory for cards supporting UHS-I. |
| CMDII | Optional for cards that do not support UHS-I. |
| CMD12 | Mandatory |
| CMD13 | Mandatory |
| CMD15 | Mandatory |
| CMD16 | Mandatory |
| CMD17 | Mandatory |
| CMD18 | Mandatory |
| CNAD40 | Mandatory for cards supporting UHS-I. |
| CMD19 | Optional for cards that do not support UHS-I. |
| | Not supported for SDSC cards. |
| | Mandatory for SDHC and SDXC cards that support Video Speed Class. |
| | Optional for SDHC cards that support: |
| CMD20 | a.) Speed Class; or |
| | b.) UHS Speed Grade, |
| | and do not support Video Speed Class |
| | Mandatory for SDXC cards that support Speed Class or UHS Speed Grade. |
| CMD21 | Optional |
| | Not supported for SDSC cards. |
| CMD23 | Mandatory for SDHC and SDXC cards that support UHS104. |
| | Optional for SDHC and SDXC cards that do not support UHS104. |
| CMD24 | Mandatory for writable types of cards |
| CMD25 | Mandatory for writable types of cards |
| CMD27 | Mandatory for writable types of cards |
| CMD28 | Optional |
| CMD29 | Optional |
| | |



| J , AME | Floudet Datasileet |
|------------|---|
| Commands | Support Requirements |
| CMD30 | Optional |
| CMD32 | Mandatory for writable types of cards |
| CMD33 | Mandatory for writable types of cards |
| CMD34 - 37 | Optional for cards version 1.10 and after |
| CMD30 | Mandatory for writable types of cards |
| CMD38 | Discard and FULE supports optional |
| CMD40 | Optional |
| | Optional for cards version 1.01 and 1.10 |
| CMD42 | Mandatory for cards version 2.00 and after |
| | COP support is optional for CMD42 |
| CMD43 - 47 | Mandatory for cards supporting Command Queue |
| Chapas / | Optional |
| CMD48 | Mandatory for cards supporting Performance Enhancement functions (refer to 5.8.2) |
| CNADAO | Optional |
| CMD49 | Mandatory for cards supporting Performance Enhancement functions (refer to 5.8.2) |
| CMD50 | Optional for cards version 1.10 and after |
| CMD52 | Optional |
| CMD53 | Optional |
| CMD55 | Mandatory |
| CMD56 | Mandatory |
| CMD57 | Optional for cards version 1.10 and after |
| CMD58 | Optional |
| CMD59 | Optional |
| ACMD6 | Mandatory |
| ACMD13 | Mandatory |
| ACMD14 | Optional |
| ACMD15 | Optional |
| ACMD16 | Optional |
| ACMD22 | Mandatory for writable types of cards |
| ACMD23 | Mandatory for writable types of cards |
| ACMD28 | Optional |
| ACMD41 | Mandatory |
| ACMD42 | Mandatory |
| ACMD51 | Mandatory |
| | |

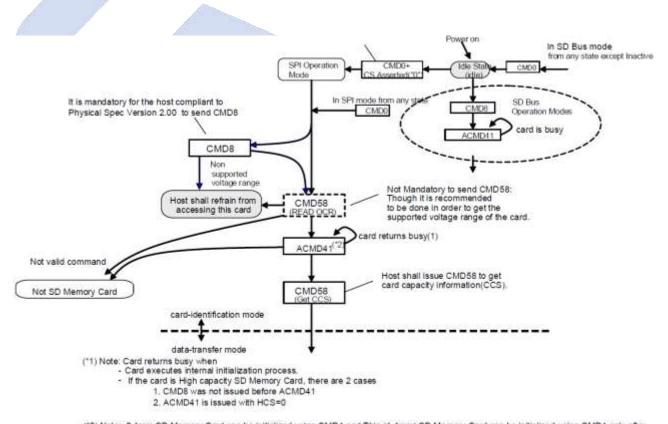


3.4. SPI Bus Mode Protocol

While the SD Memory Card channel is based on command and data bit streams that are initiated by a start bit and terminated by a stop bit, the SPI channel by byte oriented. Every command or data block is built for 8-bit bytes and is byte aligned with the CS signal (i.e. the length is a multiple of 8 clock cycles). The card starts to count SPI bus clock cycle at the assertion of the CS signal. Every command or data token shall be aligned with 8-clock cycle boundary.

Similar to the SD Memory Card Protocol, the SPI messages consist of command, response and data-block tokens.

The advantage of SPI mode is reducing the host design effort, especially for MMC host side, it just be modified by little change. Note: please use SD card specification to implement SPI mode function, not use MMC specification. For example, SPI mode is initialized by ACMD41, and the registers are different from MMC card, especially CSD register.



("2) Note: 2.1mm SD Memory Card can be initialized using CMD1 and Thin (1.4mm) SD Memory Card can be initialized using CMD1 only after firstly initialized by using CMD0 and ACMD41. In any of the cases CMD1 is not recommended because it may be difficult for the host to distinguish between MultiMediaCard and SD Memory Card.

If the SD card is initialized by CMD1 and the host treat it as MMC card, not SD card, the Data of the card may be damaged because of wrong interpretation of CSD and CID registers.

Figure 3-3 SD Memory Card State Diagram (SPI mode)



Table 3-3 SPI Mode Command Set

| | mand Class | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------|--|---------------|--------------|----------------|-------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|--------|--------------|
| (0 | CCC) | | | _ | | • | | | | Applic | | | |
| Supported commands | Class Description | Basic | Reser ved | Block read | Reser ved | Block Write | Erase | Write Protec tion | Lock Card | ation Specifi | I/O mode | Switch | Reser ved |
| CMD0 | Mandatory | + | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD1 | Mandatory | + | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD5 | Optional | | | | | | | | | | + | | |
| CMD6 ² | Mandatory | | | | | | | | | | | + | |
| CMD8 ³ | Mandatory | + | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD9 | Mandatory | + | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD10 | Mandatory | + | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD12 | Mandatory | + | | | 7 | | | | | | | | |
| CMD13 | Mandatory | + | . 5% | 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD16 | Mandatory | 0 | San San | + | W. | + | | | + | | | | |
| CMD17 | Mandatory | - 5 | and the same of th | + |) | 1 | | | | | | | |
| CMD18 | Mandatory | to a facility | | + | (1) | V | | | | | | | |
| CMD24 | Mandatory ¹ | 7 | 1000 | | | + | 4 | - 37 | | | | | |
| CMD25 | Mandatory ¹ | | | | S. September | + | | Þ | | | | | |
| CMD27 | Mandatory ¹ | | | | | + | 100 | Alexander . | | | | | |
| CMD28 | Optional | | | | | As | 97 | + | Daniel Control | | | 1900 | |
| CMD29 | Optional | | | | 4 | | A. C. | + | a) | Jan. S. | The state of the s | | |
| CMD30 | Optional | | | | 100 | | | +/ | 2,000 | 9 | | | |
| CMD32 | Mandatory ¹ | | | | 4 | | + 1 | | | 1 37 | | | 7 |
| CMD33 | Mandatory ¹ | | | | | | # | | . 4 | E Parker | | | |
| CMD34 | Optional | | | | | | - | | | | | + | |
| CMD35 | Optional | | | | | | | | - | | A COLUMN TO A COLU | + | |
| CMD36 | Optional | | | | | | | | | 4 | | + | |
| CMD37 ² | Optional | | | | | | | | | | | + | |
| CMD38 | Mandatory ¹ | | | | | | + | | | | | | |
| CMD42 ⁴ | (Note 4) | | | | | | | | + | | | | |
| CMD50 ² | Optional | | | | | | | | | | | + | |
| CMD52 | Optional | | | | | | | | | | + | | |
| CMD53 | Optional | | | | | | | | | | + | | |
| CMD55 | Mandatory | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| CMD56 | Mandatory | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| CMD57 ² | Optional | | | | | | | | | | | + | |
| CMD58 | Mandatory | + | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMD59 | Mandatory | + | | | | | | | | | | | |



| 50.10.0011 | Card Command Class (CCC) | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--------|--------|
| Supported commands | Class Description | Basic | Reser ved | Block read | Reser ved | Block Write | Erase | Write Protec tion | Lock Card | Applic ation Specifi c | I/O mode | Switch | Extens |
| ACMD13 | Mandatory | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD22 | Mandatory ¹ | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD23 | Mandatory ¹ | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD41 | Mandatory | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD42 | Mandatory | | | | | | | | | + | | | |
| ACMD51 | Mandatory | | | | | | | | | + | | | |

Note:

- (1) The commands related write and erase are mandatory only for the Writable types of Cards.
- (2) This command was defined in spec version 1.10.
- (3) This command is newly defined in version 2.00.
- (4) This command is optional in version 1.01 and 1.10 and mandatory from version 2.00. COP support is optional for CMD42.





3.5. SD/microSD card initialization

Figure 3-4 presents the initialization flow chart for UHS-I hosts and Figure 3-5 shows sequence of commands to perform voltage switch.

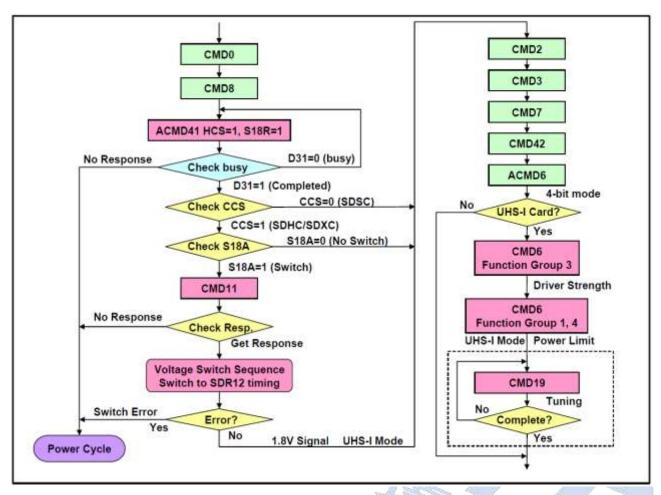


Figure 3-4 UHS-I Host Initialization Flow Chart

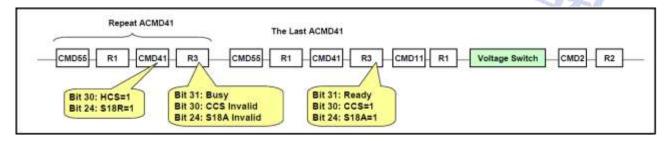


Figure 3-5 ACMD41 Timing Followed by Voltage Switch Sequence

When signaling level is 3.3V, host repeats to issue ACMD41 with HCS=1 and S18R=1 until the response indicates ready. The argument (HCS and S18R) of the first ACMD41 is effective but the all following ACMD41 should be issued with the same argument.

UD info CORP. TEL: +886-2-7713-6050 FAX: +86-2-8511-3151 3F-4, No.8, Ln. 609, Sec. 5, Chongxin Rd., Sanchong Dist., New Taipei City 241, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



A TO

If Bit31 indicates ready, host needs to check CCS and S18A.

The card indicates S18A=0, which means that voltage switch is not allowed and the host needs to use current signaling level.

| Current Signaling Level | S18R | S18A | Comment | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 0 | 0 | 1.8V signaling is not requested | | | | | | | | |
| 3.3V | 1 | 0 | The card does not support 18 signaling | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 1 | Start signal voltage switch sequence | | | | | | | | |
| 1.8V X 0 Already switched to 1.8V | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 3-4 S18R and S18A Combinations

To change signaling level at the same time between host and card, signal voltage switch sequence is invoked by CMD11 as shown in Figure 3-6. CMD11 is issued only when S18A=1 in the response of ACMD41.

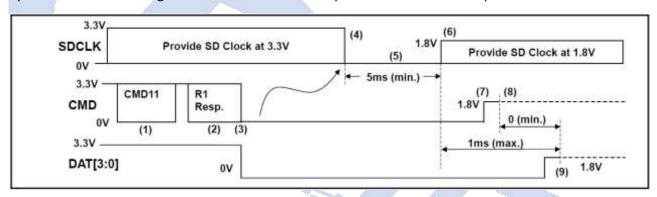


Figure 3-6 Signal Voltage Switch Sequence



4. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS



4.1. Environmental Conditions

Temperature and Humidity

Storage Temperature Range

■ -40°C ~ 85°C

Operation Temperature Range

■ Standard/Gold Temperature: -25°C ~ 85°C

■ Wide Temperature: -40°C ~ 85°C

Table 4-1 High Temperature Test Condition (Standard/Gold)

| | Temperature | Humidity | Test Time |
|-----------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| Operation | 85°C | 0% RH | 168 hours |
| Storage | 85°C | 0% RH | 500 hours |

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

Table 4-2 High Temperature Test Condition (Wide)

| | | Hit is a second of the second | |
|-----------|-------------|---|-----------|
| | Temperature | Humidity | Test Time |
| Operation | 85°C | 0% RH | 300 hours |
| Storage | 85°C | 0% RH | 500 hours |

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

Table 4-3 Low Temperature Test Condition (Standard/Gold)

| | Temperature | Humidity | Test Time |
|-----------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| Operation | -25°C | 0% RH | 168 hours |
| Storage | -40°C | 0% RH | 300 hours |

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

Table 4-4 Low Temperature Test Condition (Wide)

| | Temperature | Humidity | Test Time |
|-----------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| Operation | -40°C | 0% RH | 168 hours |
| Storage | -40°C | 0% RH | 500 hours |

Result: No any abnormality is detected.



Table 4-5 High Humidity Test Condition (Standard/Gold)

| | Temperature | Humidity | Test Time |
|-----------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| Operation | 40°C | 95% RH | 4 hours |
| Storage | 40°C | 95% RH | 500 hours |

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

Table 4-6 High Humidity Test Condition (Wide)

| | Temperature | Humidity | Test Time |
|-----------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| Operation | 55°C | 95% RH | 4 hours |
| Storage | 55°C | 95% RH | 500 hours |

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

Table 4-7 Temperature Cycle Test (Standard/Gold)

| | Temperature | Test Time | Cycle |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Operation | -25°C | 30 min | 20 Cycles |
| Operation | 85°C | 30 min | 20 Cycles |
| Storage | -40°C | 30 min | 20 Cycles |
| Storage | 85°C | 30 min | 20 Cycles |

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

Table 4-8 Temperature Cycle Test (Wide)

| | Temperature | Test Time | Cycle |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Operation | -40°C | 30 min | 20 Cycles |
| Operation | 85°C | 30 min | 20 Cycles |
| Storago | -40°C | 30 min | EO Cyclos |
| Storage | 85°C | 30 min | 50 Cycles |

Result: No any abnormality is detected



Shock

Table 4-9 Shock Specification

| | Acceleration Force | Half Sin Pulse Duration |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Industrial SD/microSD | 1500G | 0.5ms |

Result: No any abnormality is detected when power on.

Vibration

Table 4-10 Vibration Specification

| | Condition | | Vibration |
|------------|---|-------------------|---------------------|
| | Frequency/Displacement Frequency/Acceleration | | Orientation |
| Industrial | 20Hz~80Hz/1.52mm | 80Hz~2000Hz/20G | X, Y, Z axis/30 min |
| SD/microSD | 20112 00112/1.32111111 | 30112 2000112/200 | for each |

Result: No any abnormality is detected when power on.

Drop

Table 4-11 Drop Specification

| | Height of Drop | Number of Drop |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Industrial SD/microSD | 150cm free fall | 6 face of each unit |

Result: No any abnormality is detected when power on.

Bending

Table 4-12 Bending Specification

| | Force | Action |
|-----------------------|-------|------------------|
| Industrial SD/microSD | ≥ 10N | Hold 1min/5times |

Result: No any abnormality is detected when power on.

Torque

Table 4-13 Torque Specification

| | Force | Action |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Industrial SD/microSD | 0.1N-m or +/-2.5 deg | Hold 30 seconds/5times |

Result: No any abnormality is detected when power on.



Salt Spray Test

Table 4-14 Salt Spray Specification

| | Condition | Action | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Industrial SD/microSD | Concentration: 3% NaCl | Storage for 24 hrs | |
| | Temperature: 35°C | Storage for 24 hrs | |

Result: No any abnormality is detected when power on.

Waterproof Test

Table 4-15 Waterproof Specification

| | | Condition | Action |
|---|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| d | | Water temperature: 25°C | |
| | Industrial SD/microSD | Water depth: The lowest point of unit is | Storage for 30 mins |
| | 7 / | locating 1000mm below surface. | |

Result: JIS IPX7 compliance. No any abnormality is detected when power on.

Test X-Ray Exposure Test

Table 4-16 X-Ray Exposure Specification

| | Condition | Action |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 0.1 Gy of medium-energy radiation (70 | |
| Industrial SD/microSD | keV to 140 keV, cumulative dose per | Storage for 30 mins |
| | year) to both sides of the card. | |

Result: ISO 7816-1 compliance. No any abnormality is detected when power on.

Switch Cycle Test

Table 4-17 Switch Cycle Test

| | Applied Force | Result |
|-----------------------|---------------|--------|
| Industrial SD/microSD | 0.4 ~ 0.5N | DACC |
| | 1000 times | PASS |

Result: No any abnormality is detected when power on.

Durability Test

Table 4-18 Durability Test

| | Mating cycle | Result |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------|
| Industrial SD/microSD | 10000 times | PASS |

Result: No any abnormality is detected when power on.



Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

Table 4-19 Contact ESD Specification

| | Condition | Result | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--|
| | Contact: ± 4KV each item 25 times | DACC | |
| Industrial SD/microSD | Air: ± 8KV 10 times | PASS | |

EMI Compliance

FCC: CISPR22CE: EN55032BSMI 13438

4.2. MTBF

MTBF, an acronym for Mean Time between Failures, is a measure of a device's reliability. Its value represents the average time between a repair and the next failure. The measure is typically in units of hours. The higher the MTBF value, the higher the reliability of the device. The predicted result of UDinfo's SD/microSD is more than 3,000,000 hours.

Analysis software: Relex7.3

Analysis Method: Telcordia SR-332, Reliability Prediction of Electronic Equipment.

Operational Temperature(Ta) of test environment: 30°C

Temperature(Tc) of Device when evaluation: 45° C



5. SD CARD COMPARISON



Table 5-1 Comparing SDSC, SDHC, and SDXC

| | SD6.10 SDSC | SD6.10 SDHC | SD6.10 SDXC |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| File System | FAT 12/16 | FAT32 | exFAT |
| Addressing Mode | Byte | Block | Block |
| Addressing Mode | Byte (1 byte unit) (512 byte CMD41 Support Support Support Support Support Support Support Support Support (Only CM Support Not Support Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Not Support Not Support Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Not Support Suppor | (512 byte unit) | (512 byte unit) |
| HCS/CCS bits of ACMD41 | Support | Support | Support |
| CMD8 (SEND_IF_COND) | Support | Support | Support |
| CMD16 (SET BLOCKLEN) | Cupport | Support | Support |
| CMD16 (SET_BLOCKLEN) | Support | (Only CMD42) Not Support | (Only CMD42) |
| Partial Read | Support | Not Support | Not Support |
| Lock/Unlock Function | Mandatory | Mandatory | Mandatory |
| Write Protect Groups | Optional | Not Support | Not Support |
| Supply Voltage 2.0v – 2.7v (for initialization) | Not Support | Not Support | Not Support |
| Total Bus Capacitance for each signal line | 40pF | 40pF | 40pF |
| CSD Version (CSD_STRUCTURE Value) | 1.0 (0x0) | 2.0 (0x1) | 2.0 (0x1) |
| Speed Class | Optional | Mandatory (Class 2 / 4 / 6 / 10) | Mandatory (Class 2 / 4 / 6 / 10) |

Table 5-2 Comparing UHS Speed Grade Symbols

| | U1 (UHS Speed Grade 1) | U3 (UHS Speed Grade 3) | | |
|----------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Operable Under | *UHS-I Bus I/F, UHS-II Bus I/F | | | |
| SD Memory Card | SDHC UHS-I and UHS-II, SDXC UHS-I and UHS-II | | | |
| Mark | IJ | 3 | | |
| Performance | 10 MB/s minimum write speed 30 MB/s minimum write | | | |
| Applications | Full higher potential of recording real-time broadcasts and capturing largesize HD videos. | Capable of recording 4K2K video. | | |

^{*}UHS (Ultra High Speed), the fastest performance category available today, defines bus-interface speeds up to 312 Megabytes per second for greater device performance. It is available on SDXC and SDHC memory cards and devices.



6. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS



6.1. Power Consumption

The table below is the power consumption of microSD card with different flash memory types.

| Flash Mode | | Max. Power Up | Max. Standby | Max. Read | Max. Write |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|
| | | Current (uA) | Current (uA) | Current (mA) | Current (mA) |
| Default Speed Mode | | 250 | 1000 | 150 @3.6V | 150 ³ @3.6V |
| High Speed Mode | | 250 | 1000 | 200 @3.6V | 200 @3.6V |
| LILIC AND A | UHS50/DDR50 | 250 | 1000 | 400 @3.6V | 400 @3.6V |
| UHS-I Mode | UHS104/DDR50 | 250 | 1000 | 400 @3.6V | 400 @3.6V |

Note:

- 1. Power consumptions are measured at room temperature.
- 2. Power consumption of Max. Standby Current is for SD cards under and including 64GB only. For 128GB and 256GB, the power consumption is to be determined.
- 3. For SDXC, up to 100mA from VDD1 when XPC=0; up to 150mA from VDD1 when XPC=1.

6.2. Electrical Specifications

6.2.1. Absolute Maximum Rating

| Item | Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|
| 1 | T | Operating Temperature (Standard/Gold) | -25 | +85 | °C |
| 1 | l a | Operating Temperature (Wide) | -40 | +85 | °C / |
| 2 | T _{st} | Storage Temperature | -40 | +85 | °C |

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------------|----------|------|------|------|
| Operating Temperature (Standard/Gold) | т | -25 | +85 | °C |
| Operating Temperature (Wide) | l a | -40 | +85 | °C |
| V _{DD} Voltage | V_{DD} | 2.7 | 3.6 | V |



6.3. DC Characteristic

6.3.1. Bus Operation Conditions for 3.3V Signaling

Table 6-1 Threshold Level for High Voltage Range

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max | Unit | Condition |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|---|
| Supply Voltage | V_{DD} | 2.7 | 3.6 | V | |
| Output High Voltage | V _{OH} | 0.75*V _{DD} | | V | I _{OH} =-2mA V _{DD} Min |
| Output Low Voltage | V _{OL} | | 0.125*V _{DD} | V | I _{OL} =2mA V _{DD} Min |
| Input High Voltage | V _{IH} | 0.625*V _{DD} | V _{DD} +0.3 | V | |
| Input Low Voltage | V _{IL} | V _{SS} -0.3 | 0.25*V _{DD} | V | |
| Power Up Time | | | 250 | ms | From 0V to V _{DD} min |

Table 6-2 Peak Voltage and Leakage Current

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max | Unit | Remarks | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|------|----------------------|------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Peak voltage on all lines | | -0.3 | V _{DD} +0.3 | V | | | | | |
| All Inputs | | | | | | | | | |
| Input Leakage Current | "Shawell' | -10 | 10 | uA | | | | | |
| All Outputs | | | | | | | | | |
| Output Leakage Current | | -10 | 10 | uA | | | | | |

Table 6-3 Threshold Level for 1.8V Signaling

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max | Unit | Condition |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------|----------|------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage | V_{DD} | 2.7 | 3.6 | ٧ | |
| Regulator Voltage | V_{DDIO} | 1.7 | 1.95 | > | Generated by V _{DD} |
| Output High Voltage | V _{OH} | 1.4 | - | > | I _{OH} =-2mA |
| Output Low Voltage | V _{OL} | - | 0.45 | V | I _{OL} =2mA |
| Input High Voltage | V _{IH} | 1.27 | 2.00 | ٧ | |
| Input Low Voltage | V_{IL} | V _{SS} -0.3 | 0.58 | ٧ | |

Table 6-4 Input Leakage Current for 1.8V Signaling

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|-----------------------|--------|------|-----|------|-----------------|
| Input Leakage Current | | -2 | 2 | | DAT3 pull-up is |
| input Leakage Current | | -2 | 2 | uA | disconnected |



6.3.2. Bus Signal Line Levels

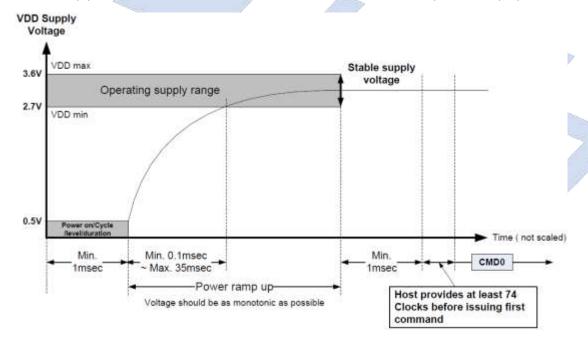
Bus Operation Conditions – Signal Line's Load

Total Bus Capacitance = $C_{HOST} + C_{BUS} + N C_{CARD}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--|-------------------|-----|-----|------|--|
| Pull-up resistance | R _{CMD} | 10 | 100 | kΩ | to prevent bus floating |
| Total bus capacitance for each signal line | CL | | 40 | pF | 1 card C _{HOST} + C _{BUS} shall not exceed 30 pF |
| Card Capacitance for each signal pin | C_{CARD} | | 10 | pF | |
| Maximum signal line inductance | | | 16 | nΗ | |
| Pull-up resistance inside card (pin1) | R _{DAT3} | 10 | 90 | kΩ | May be used for card detection |
| Capacity Connected to Power Line | Cc | | 5 | uF | To prevent inrush current |

6.3.3. Power Up Time

Host needs to keep power line level less than 0.5V and more than 1ms before power ramp up.



Power On or Power Cycle

Followings are requirements for Power on and Power cycle to assure a reliable SD Card hard reset.

- (1) Voltage level shall be below 0.5V.
- (2) Duration shall be at least 1ms.



Power Supply Ramp Up

The power ramp up time is defined from 0.5V threshold level up to the operating supply voltage which is stable between VDD (min.) and VDD (max.) and host can supply SDCLK.

Followings are recommendation of Power ramp up:

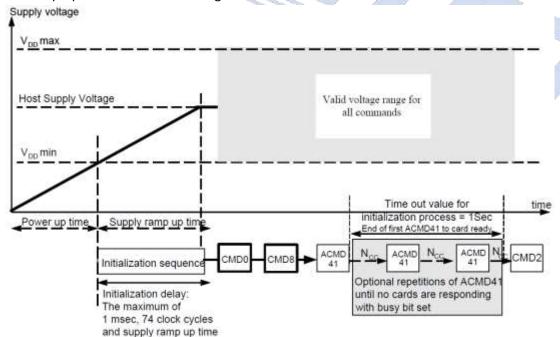
- (1) Voltage of power ramp up should be monotonic as much as possible.
- (2) The minimum ramp up time should be 0.1ms.
- (3) The maximum ramp up time should be 35ms for 2.7-3.6V power supply.
- (4) Host shall wait until VDD is stable.
- (5) After 1ms VDD stable time, host provides at least 74 clocks before issuing the first command.

Power Down and Power Cycle

- When the host shuts down the power, the card VDD shall be lowered to less than 0.5Volt for a minimum period of 1ms. During power down, DAT, CMD, and CLK should be disconnected or driven to logical 0 by the host to avoid a situation that the operating current is drawn through the signal lines.
- If the host needs to change the operating voltage, a power cycle is required. Power cycle means the power is turned off and supplied again. Power cycle is also needed for accessing cards that are already in *Inactive State*. To create a power cycle the host shall follow the power down description before power up the card (i.e. the card VDD shall be once lowered to less than 0.5Volt for a minimum period of 1ms).

6.3.4. Power Up Time of Card

A device shall be ready to accept the first command within 1ms from detecting VDD min. Device may use up to 74 clocks for preparation before receiving the first command.

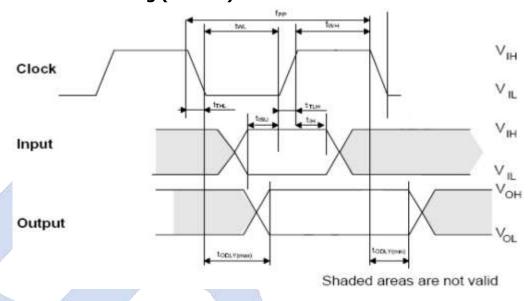






6.4. AC Characteristic

6.4.1.SD Interface Timing (Default)

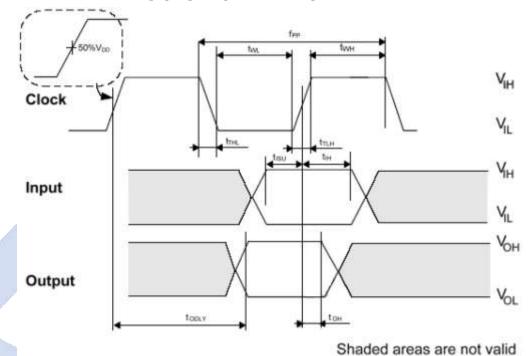


| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------|------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Clock CLK (All values are referred to min(V _{IH}) and max(V _{IL}) | | | | | | | | | |
| Clock frequency Data Transfer Mode | f _{PP} | 0 | 25 | MHz | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) | | | | |
| Clock frequency Identification Mode | f_{OD} | 0 ⁽¹⁾ /100 | 400 | KHz | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) | | | | |
| Clock low time | t_WL | 10 | | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) | | | | |
| Clock high time | t _{WH} | 10 | | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) | | | | |
| Clock rise time | t _{TLH} | | 10 | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) | | | | |
| Clock fall time | t_{THL} | | 10 | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) | | | | |
| | Inputs CMD, | DAT (reference | ed to CLK) | | | | | | |
| Input set-up time | t _{ISU} | 5 | | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) | | | | |
| Input hold time | t _{ін} | 5 | | ns | C _{card} ≤ 10 pF (1 card) | | | | |
| Outputs CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | | | | | |
| Output Delay time during Data Transfer Mode | t _{odly} | 0 | 14 | ns | C _L ≤ 40 pF (1 card) | | | | |
| Output Delay time during Identification Mode | t _{ODLY} | 0 | 50 | ns | C _L ≤ 40 pF (1 card) | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ OHz means to stop the clock. The given minimum frequency range is for cases where continuous clock is required.



6.4.2.SD Interface Timing (High-Speed Mode)



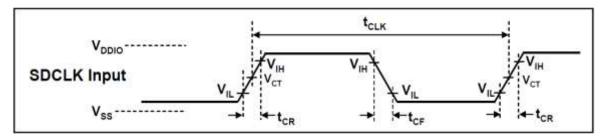
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Clock CLK | (All values ar | e referred to n | nin(V _{IH}) and m | ax(V _{IL}) | |
| Clock frequency Data Transfer Mode | f _{PP} | 0 | 50 | MHz | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) |
| Clock low time | t _{WL} | 7 | | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) |
| Clock high time | t _{wн} | 7 | | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) |
| Clock rise time | t _{TLH} | , | 3 | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) |
| Clock fall time | t _{THL} | | 3 | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) |
| | Inputs CMD, | DAT (reference | ed to CLK) | | |
| Input set-up time | t _{ISU} | 6 | | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 card) |
| Input hold time | t _{ін} | 2 | | ns | $C_{card} \le 10 pF$ (1 card) |
| | Outputs CMD | , DAT (referen | ced to CLK) | | |
| Output Delay time during Data Transfer Mode | t _{ODLY} | | 14 | ns | C _L ≤ 40 pF (1 card) |
| Output Hold time | Тон | 2.5 | | ns | C _L ≤ 15 pF (1 card) |
| Total System capacitance of each line ¹ | C_L | | 40 | pF | CL ≤ 15 pF (1 card) |

⁽¹⁾ In order to satisfy severe timing, the host shall drive only one card.



6.4.3.SD Interface Timing (SDR12, SDR25, SDR50 and SDR104 Modes)

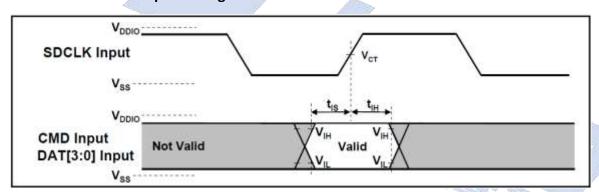
Input



| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|---|
| t _{CLK} | 4.80 | - | ns | 208MHz (Max.), Between rising edge, V _{CT} = 0.975V |
| t _{CR} , t _{CF} | - | 0.2* t _{CLK} | ns | $t_{\text{CR}},t_{\text{CF}}$ < 0.96ns (max.) at 208MHz, CCARD=10pF $t_{\text{CR}},t_{\text{CF}}$ < 2.00ns (max.) at 100MHz, CCARD=10pF The absolute maximum value of $t_{\text{CR}},t_{\text{CF}}$ is 10ns regardless of clock frequency |
| Clock Duty | 30 | 70 | % | |

Clock Signal Timing

SDR50 and SDR104 Input Timing:



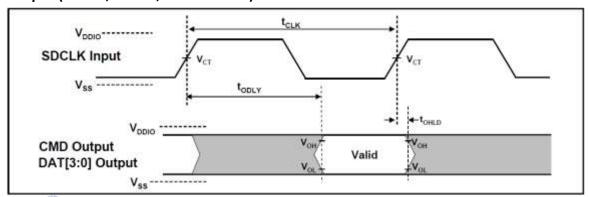
| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | SDR104 Mode |
|-----------------|------|-----|------|---|
| t _{Is} | 1.40 | - | ns | C _{CARD} =10pF, V _{CT} = 0.975V |
| t _{IH} | 0.8 | - | ns | C _{CARD} =5pF, V _{CT} = 0.975V |
| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | SDR50 Mode |
| t _{Is} | 3.00 | - | ns | C _{CARD} =10pF, V _{CT} = 0.975V |
| t _{IH} | 0.8 | _ | ns | $C_{CARD} = 5pF, V_{CT} = 0.975V$ |

Card Input Timing



Output

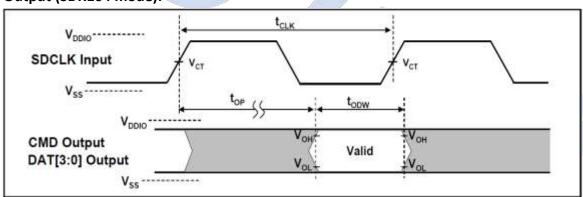
Output (SDR12, SDR25, SDR50 mode):



| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--------|-----|-----|------|---|
| toply | | 7.5 | ns | t_{CLK} >=10.0ns, C_L =30pF, using driver Type B, for |
| CODLY | - | 7.5 | 113 | SDR50 |
| | | 1.4 | 200 | t _{CLK} >=20.0ns, C _L =40pF, using driver Type B, for |
| todly | A- | 14 | ns | SDR25 and SDR12, |
| Тон | 1.5 | - | ns | Hold time at the t _{ODLY} (min.), C _L =15pF |

Output Timing of Fixed Data Window (SDR12, SDR25, SDR50 modes)

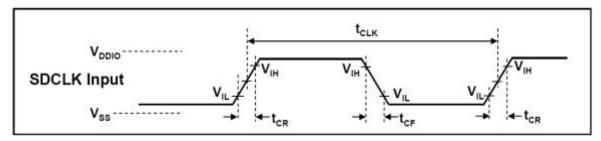
Output (SDR104 mode):



| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------|------|-------|------|---|
| t _{OP} | - | 2 | UI | Card Output Phase |
| $	riangle t_{\sf OP}$ | -350 | +1550 | ps | Delay variable due to temperature change after tuning |
| t _{obw} | 0.60 | - | UI | t _{ODW} = 2.88ns at 208MHz |

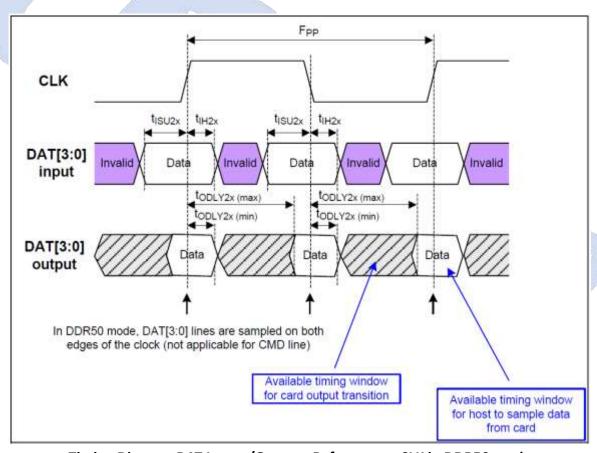


6.4.4.SD Interface Timing (DDR50 Modes)



| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------------------|-----|------------------------|------|--|
| t _{CLK} | 20 | - | ns | 50MHz (Max.), Between rising edge |
| t _{CR} , t _{CF} | - | 0.2 * t _{CLK} | ns | t_{CR} , t_{CF} < 4.00ns (max.) at 50MHz, C_{CARD} =10pF |
| Clock Duty | 45 | 55 | % | |

Clock Signal Timing



Timing Diagram DAT Inputs/Outputs Reference to CLK in DDR50 mode



| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--|---------------------|-----|---------|------|---------------------------------------|
| Input CMD (referenced to CLK rising edge) | | | | | |
| Input set-up time | t _{ISU} | 3 | - | ns | C _{card} ≤ 10 pF (1 card) |
| Input hold time | t _{IH} | 0.8 | - | ns | C _{card} ≤ 10 pF (1 card) |
| Output CMD (referenced to CLK rising edge) | | | | | |
| Output Delay time during Data Transfer Mode | t _{ODLY} | | 13.7 | ns | C _L ≤ 30 pF (1 card) |
| Output Hold time | Тон | 1.5 | - | ns | C _L ≥ 15 pF (1 card) |
| Inputs DAT (referenced to CLK rising and falling edges) | | | | | |
| Input set-up time | t _{ISU2x} | 3 | - | ns | C _{card} ≤ 10 pF (1 card) |
| Input hold time | t _{IH2x} | 0.8 | - | ns | C _{card} ≤ 10 pF (1 card) |
| Outputs DAT (referenced to CLK rising and falling edges) | | | | | |
| Output Delay time during Data Transfer Mode | t _{ODLY2x} | - | 7.0 | ns | C _L ≤ 25 pF (1 card) |
| Output Hold time | T _{OH2x} | 1.5 | <u></u> | ns | C _L ≥ 15 pF (1 card) |

Bus Timing – Parameter Values (DDR50 mode)





7. HOST SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDELINES



7.1. Efficient Data Writing to SD Memory Card

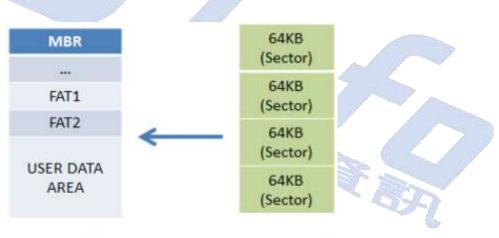
In order to optimize sequential writing performance and WAF (Write Amplification Factor), it is recommended to use allocation unit (AU) writing.

It is recommended that Multiple_Block_Write shall be used as a command for writing data, and the size of data written by each command should be the FAT cluster x n (n: integer)

7.1.1. Write_Single_Block and Write_Multiple_Block

Write single block (CMD24) was written by one sector (512Bytes), which is suitable to write small area such like updating file system area (FAT). Besides, Write multiple blocks (CMD25) is a command for writing data to blocks that have sequential address per command, which is suitable to write large area such as user data. Write multiple blocks with a cluster unit (512Byte x 128 Sectors = 64KByte) in the file system is an efficient access to the flash memory, it is obviously to provide higher speed to compared to single write block.

And it could be estimated that SD card internal process would be reduced to save power consumption and flash write amplification factor, that is why the efficient data writing was recommended. To avoid the command issued by 512Bytes with single write block, software processes in the host device become faster. For this operation, check the sectors in the SD card and file system as Figure 7-1



Heading address of user data area shall match with the heading of 64KB boundary of SD logical address.

Figure 7-1 Matching between logical address and file system

Note: Large Cluster unit is better for performance and WAF, for example, 128KB, 256KB or 512KB. Large cluster unit also can save write command numbers and few transfer time.



7.2. Basic Process of Error Handling

7.2.1. Retry Process

Execute the process by sending commands again, especially for signal issue between card and host.

7.2.2. Recovery Process

Confirm card status is in Transfer State, if card status is not in Transfer State, please issue Stop command to recover it and execute or continue flow. If there was UECC during read/write status, we could use recovery process to recover it.

7.2.3. Tuning Write Command Process

In order to adjust Host CMD and CLK timing, the way is issue tuning command to confirm what the device response and data was received by host. Based on the response, host was adjusting the timing step by step and recording the pass range. Through this flow host could adjust the appropriate timing settings to avoid unexpected handshaking issue.

7.2.4. Tuning Read Command Process

In order to adjust Host CLK and DAT timing, the way is issue tuning command to confirm what the device response and data was received by host. Based on the response, host was adjusting the timing step by step and recording the pass range. Through this flow host could adjust the appropriate timing settings to avoid unexpected handshaking issue.

7.2.5. Exception Handling Process

No doubt that sometimes we would face all error handling above could not recover it successfully, and we could react based on the situation.

- If there was error in response, we could re-initialize the card.
- If it was signal issue, we could set up signal status by reading data and tuning command.

UD info

Product Datasheet

7.3. Common Error Handling in SPI and SD mode

7.3.1. Time-out

Run the Retry Process. No response from CMD, it might be signal or status got problem. To avoid the infinite loop, implement a retry counter in the host so that, if the retry counter expires, the exception handling starts in the host.

7.3.2. Error Detect (CMD CRC Error)

Run the Recovery Process. If it got second time failure with CRC, the setting might be too margin to receive response stably. Suggestion is use tuning write command to fix timing and then retry it.

7.3.3. Error Detect (Other Error) in SPI and SD mode

Run the Recovery Process.

7.3.4. Others

Most errors could be recovered by running the Recovery Process, let card come into Transfer State and then executing the flow we planned. If it does not work, please use exception method to come back initial state.

7.4. Data Error Handling in SPI and SD mode

7.4.1. Time-out

Run the Recovery Process. While the state was recovered, run the flow again.

7.4.2. Read CRC16 Error

Run the Recovery Process. If it got second time failure with CRC, the setting might be too margin to receive data stably. Suggestion is use tuning read date to fix timing and then retry it.

7.4.3. Write CRC Status Error

Run the Recovery Process. If it got second time failure with CRC, the setting might be too margin to receive CRC status stably. Suggestion is use tuning read date to fix timing and then retry it.

7.4.4. Others

Most errors could be recovered by running the Recovery Process, let card come into Transfer State and then executing the flow we planned.



7.5. Multiple Block Write (CMD25) Process

- If Response is ADDRESS_OUT_OF_RANGE, please confirm writing address.
- If Response is DEVICE_IS_LOCKED, please stop writing data.
- If Response is COM_CRC_ERROR, run retry or tuning.

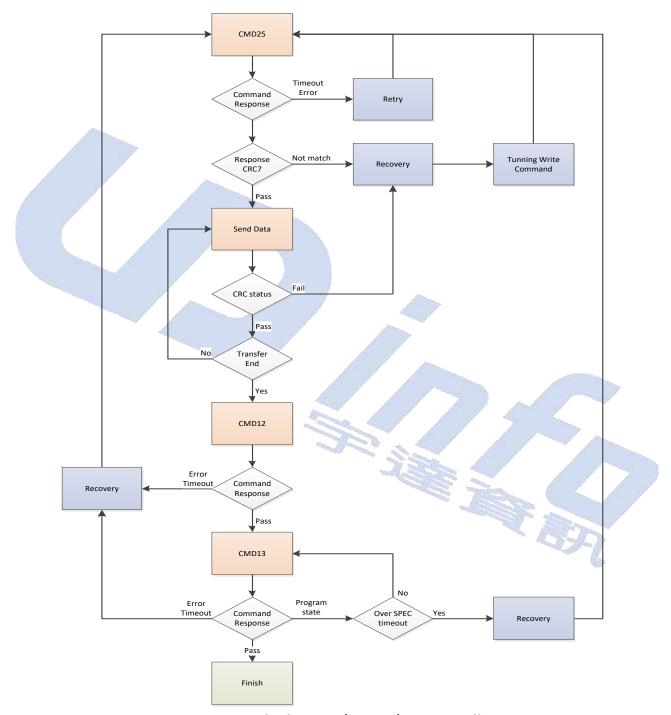


Figure 7-2 Multiple Write (CMD25) Error Handling



7.6. Retry Error handling

In order to avoid signal issue caused unexpected response from device, we could use Retry Process to fix it.

- Please make sure card state is in transfer state before issuing following commands.
- To avoid the infinite loop, implement a retry counter in the host.
- If the device could not respond to CMD13 normally, please run exception handling to recover card status.

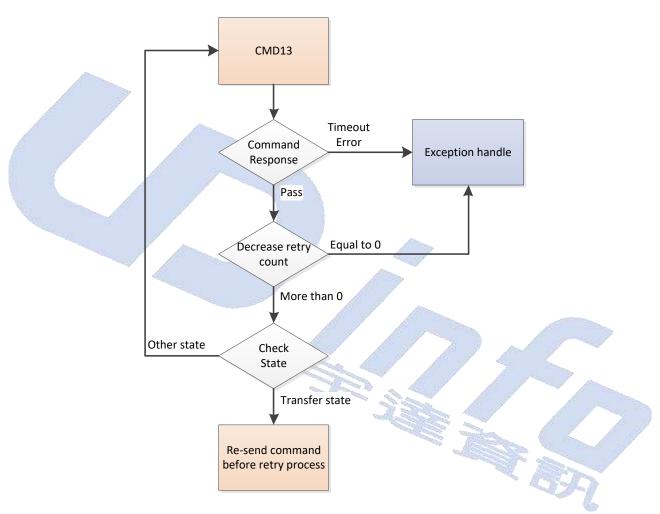


Figure 7-3 Retry Error Handling Process



7.7. Recovery Error Handling

Sometimes the device failure could not be recovered by Retry Process, it suggests to execute STOP Command (CMD12) to stop whole commands and response and then run following flow.

- Please confirm card status is in Transfer state.
- In order to avoid infinite loops, host has to set up a retry counter number.

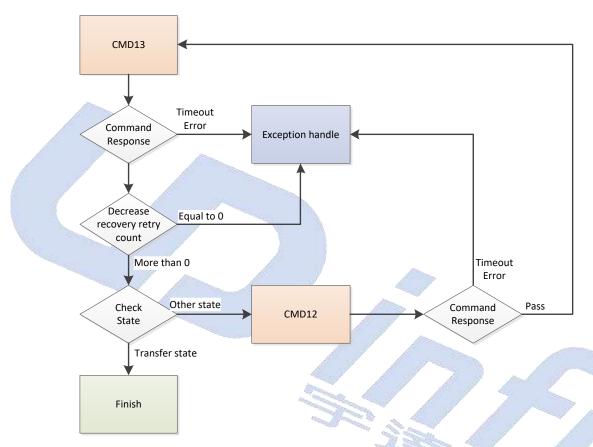


Figure 7-4 Recovery Error Handling Process



7.8. Tuning Write Command Error Handling

Reconfirm the card's pass range, to make sure card could receive host commands.

- If there was no any pass window, it might be connection issue or signal issue.
- Pass Range depends on frequency level, higher frequency makes fewer pass range.

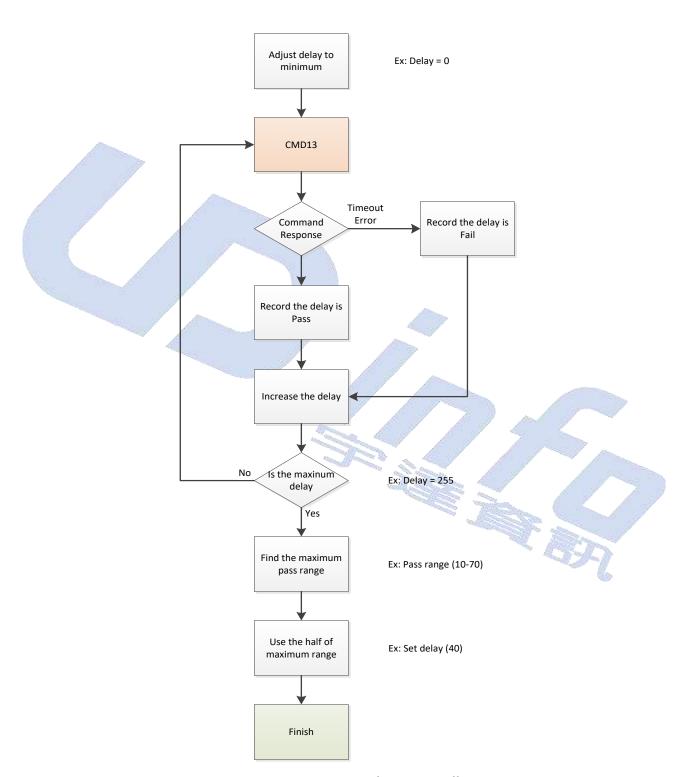


Figure 7-5 Tuning Write Command Error Handling Process



7.9. Exception Error Handling

- Error in Card's response or data output time-out, it could re-initialize the card.
- If there was CMD CRC7 issue, it could use tuning write command process to find out appropriate timing.
- If there was DAT CRC16 issue, it could use tuning read command process to find out appropriate timing.

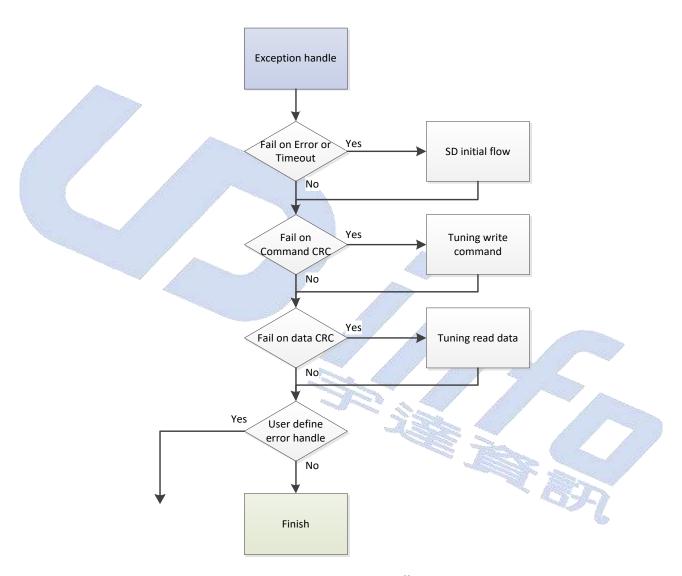


Figure 7-6 Exception Error Handling Process



7.10. Multiple Blocks Read (CMD18) Error Handling Process

- If card responded ADDRESS_OUT_OF_Range, please check writing address.
- If card responded DEVICE_IS_LOCKED, please stop writing data.
- If card responded COM_CRC_ERROR, run Retry or Tuning Process.

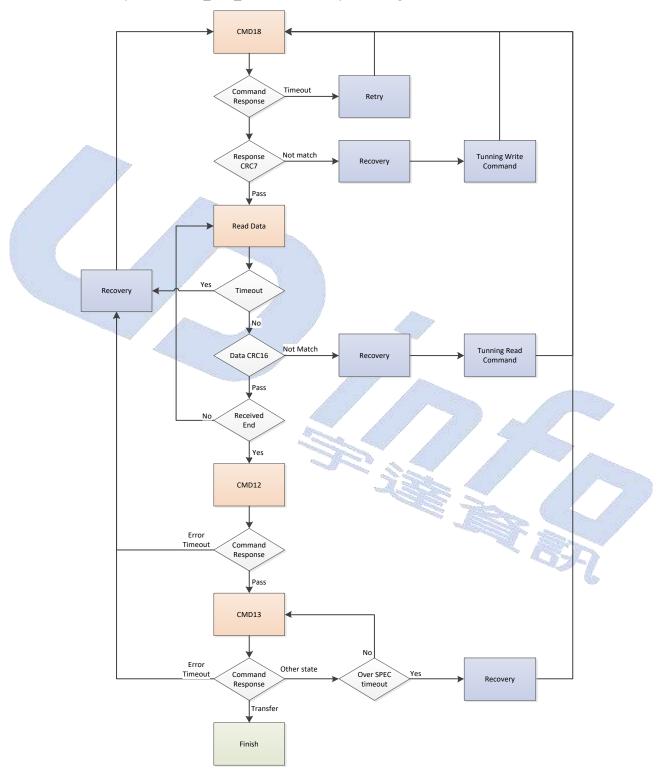


Figure 7-7 Multiple Blocks Read (CMD18) Error Handling Process



7.11. Tuning Read Data Error Handling

Reconfirm the card's pass range, to make sure host could receive card's Response and Data.

- If there was no any pass window, it might be connection issue or signal issue.
- Pass Range depends on frequency level, higher frequency makes fewer pass range.

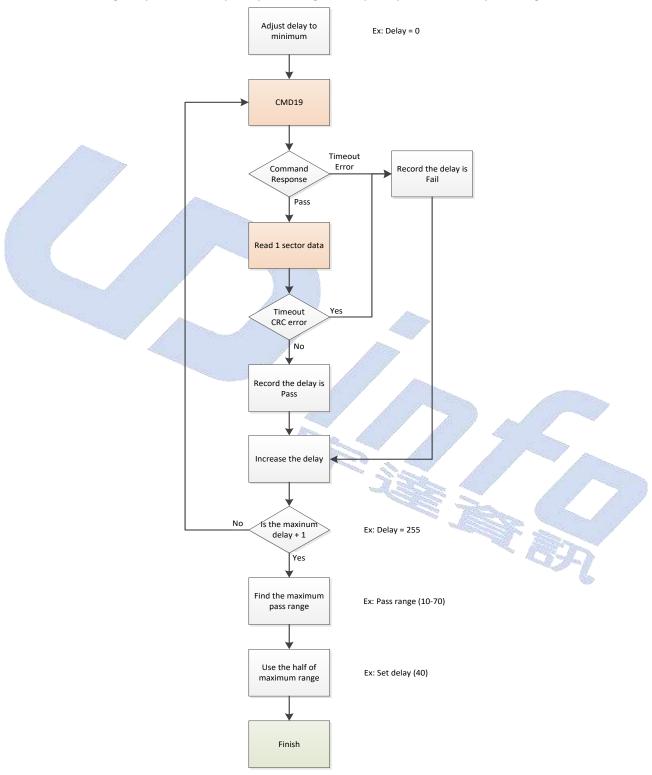
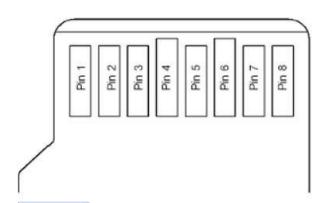


Figure 7-8 Tuning Read Data Error Handling Process



8. INTERFACE

8.1. Pad Assignment and Descriptions



| pin | SD Mode | | | SPI Mode | | |
|-----|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| | Name | Type ¹ | Description | Name | Туре | Description |
| 1 | DAT2 | I/O/PP | Data Line[bit2] | RSV | | |
| 2 | CD/DAT3 ² | I/O/PP ³ | Card Detect/ Data Line[bit3] | CS | l ³ | Chip Select (neg true) |
| 3 | CMD | PP | Command/Response | DI | - 1 | Data In |
| 4 | V_{DD} | S | Supply voltage | V_{DD} | S | Supply voltage |
| 5 | CLK | 1 | Clock | SCLK | | Clock |
| 6 | V_{SS} | S | Supply voltage ground | V _{SS} | S | Supply voltage ground |
| 7 | DAT0 | I/O/PP | Data Line[bit0] | DO | O/PP | Data Out |
| 8 | DAT1 | I/O/PP | Data Line[bit1] | RSV | | |

- (1) S: power supply, I: input; O: output using push-pull drivers; PP:I/O using push-pull drivers
- (2) The extended DAT lines (DAT1-DAT3) are input on power up. They start to operate as DAT lines after SET_BUS_WIDTH command. The Host shall keep its own DAT1-DAT3 lines in input mode, as well, while they are not used. It is defined so, in order to keep compatibility to MultiMedia Cards.
- (3) At power up this line has a 50KOhm pull up enabled in the card. This resistor serves two functions Card detection and Mode Selection. For Mode Selection, the host can drive the line high or let it be pulled high to select SD mode. If the host wants to select SPI mode it should drive the line low. For Card detection, the host detects that the line is pulled high. This pull-up should be disconnected by the user during regular data transfer period, with SET_CLR_CARD_DETECT (ACMD42) command.



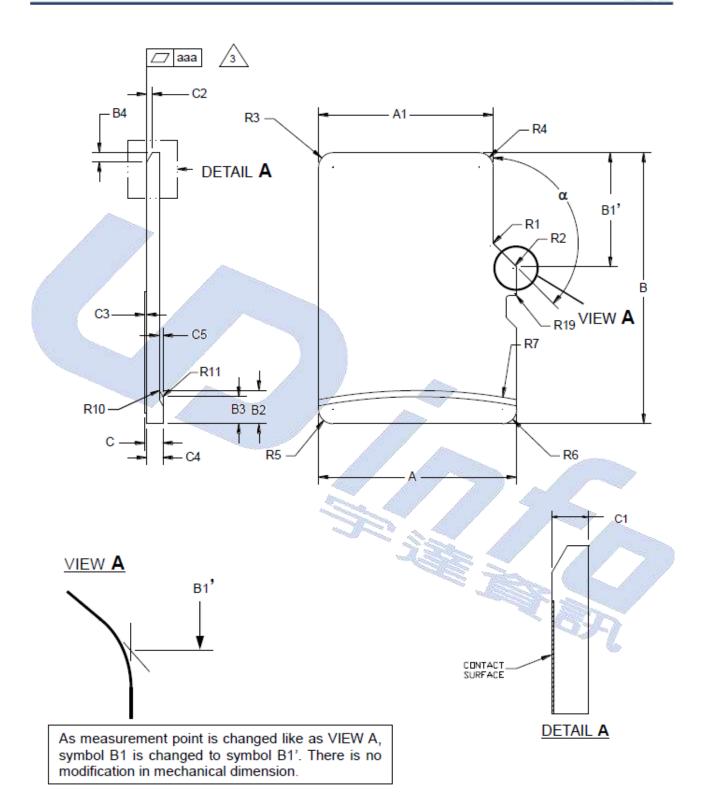
| Name | Width | Description |
|------------|--------|--|
| CID | 120bi+ | Card identification number; card individual number for identification. |
| CID | 128bit | Mandatory |
| DCA1 | 16bi+ | Relative card address; local system address of a card, dynamically suggested |
| CSD 128bir | 10011 | by the card and approved by the host during initialization. Mandatory |
| DSR | 16bit | Driver Stage Register; to configure the card's output drivers. Optional |
| CCD | 128bit | Card Specific Data; information about the card operation conditions. |
| CSD | | Mandatory |
| SCR | 64bit | SD Configuration Register; information about the SD Memory Card's Special |
| 3CR | 04011 | Features capabilities. Mandatory |
| OCR | 32bit | Operation conditions register. Mandatory. |
| SSR | 512bit | SD Status; information about the card proprietary features |
| 33K | | Mandatory |
| OCB | 32bit | Card Status; information about the card status |
| OCR | | Mandatory |

(1) RCA register is not used (or available) in SPI mode.



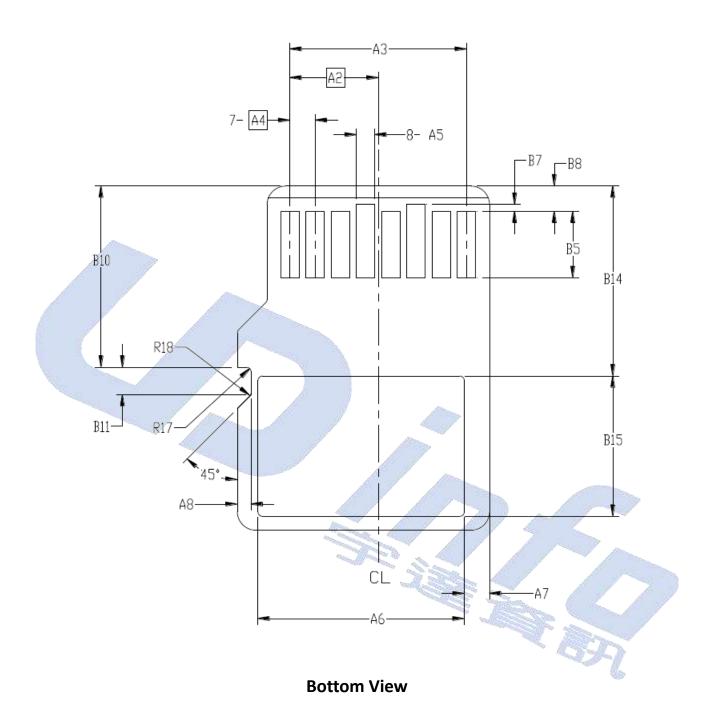


9. PHYSICAL DIMENSION



Top View



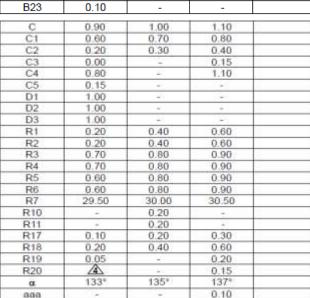




| - | - | т | ·C |
|---|---|---|----|
| | | | |

- 1. DIMENSIONING and TOLERANCING per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. Dimensions are in millimeters.
- COPLANARITY is additive to C1 MAX thickness.
- 4. All edges shall not be sharp as tested per UL1439 "Test for Sharpness of Edges on Equipment."
 - 5. Refer to Appendix E about test method of warpage.
 - 6. As measurement point is changed, symbol B1 is changed to symbol B1'.
 - 7. C4 and C5 are added from Version 4.00.

| | | MON DIMEN | | |
|--------|-------|-----------|-------|--------|
| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | NOTE |
| Α | 10.90 | 11.00 | 11.10 | |
| A1 | 9.60 | 9.70 | 9.80 | |
| A2 | - | 3.85 | - | BASIC |
| A3 | 7.60 | 7.70 | 7.80 | |
| A4 | - | 1.10 | - | BASIC |
| A5 | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.85 | 2,1010 |
| A6 | - | | 8.50 | |
| | 0.90 | - | | |
| A7 | | | - | |
| A8 | 0.60 | 0.70 | 0.80 | |
| A9 | 0.80 | - | - | |
| A10 | 1.35 | 1.40 | 1.45 | |
| A11 | 6.50 | 6.60 | 6.70 | |
| A12 | 0.50 | 0.55 | 0.60 | |
| A13 | 0.40 | 0.45 | 0.50 | |
| A14 | 0.05 | 0.40 | - | |
| A15 | 5.71 | 5.81 | 5.91 | |
| | | | | |
| A16 | 6.47 | 6.57 | 6.67 | - |
| A17 | 6.62 | 6.72 | 6.82 | |
| A18 | 7.38 | 7.48 | 7.58 | |
| A19 | 7.75 | 7.85 | 7.95 | |
| A20 | 8.55 | 8.65 | 8.75 | |
| A21 | 0.90 | | - | |
| A21 | | | 8.50 | 1 |
| B B | 14.90 | 15.00 | 15.10 | |
| | | | | |
| B1' | 6.13 | 6.23 | 6.33 | |
| B2 | 1.64 | 1.84 | 2.04 | |
| B3 | 1.30 | 1.50 | 1.70 | |
| B4 | 0.42 | 0.52 | 0.62 | |
| B5 | 2.80 | 2.90 | 3.00 | |
| B6 | 5.50 | - | - | |
| | | | | |
| B7 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.40 | |
| B8 | 1.00 | 1.10 | 1.20 | |
| B9 | - | - | 9.00 | |
| B10 | 7.80 | 7.90 | 8.00 | |
| B11 | 1.10 | 1.20 | 1.30 | |
| B12 | 3.60 | 3.70 | 3.80 | |
| B13 | 2.80 | 2.90 | 3.00 | |
| B14 | 8.20 | | - | |
| | | - | | |
| B15 | | | 6.20 | |
| B16 | 5.80 | 5.90 | 6.00 | |
| B17 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.40 | |
| B18 | 7.80 | 8.80 | 8.90 | |
| B19 | 8.70 | 8.80 | 8.90 | |
| B20 | - | 3.20 | - | REF |
| B21 | 1.90 | 2.00 | 2.10 | |
| | | | | |
| B22 | 9.00 | - | - | - |
| B23 | 0.10 | - | - | |
| С | 0.90 | 1.00 | 1.10 | |
| C1 | 0.60 | 0.70 | 0.80 | |
| C2 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.40 | |
| | 0.00 | | 0.40 | 1 |
| C3 | | - | | |
| C4 | 0.80 | | 1.10 | |
| C5 | 0.15 | | - | |
| D1 | 1.00 | | 161 | - |
| D2 | 1.00 | - | | - |
| D3 | 1.00 | | - | |
| R1 | 0.20 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 9 |
| R2 | 0.20 | 0.40 | 0.60 | |
| R3 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.90 | 4 |
| R4 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.90 | |
| R5 | 0.60 | 0.80 | 0.90 | |
| R6 | 0.60 | 0.80 | 0.90 | |
| R7 | 29.50 | 30.00 | 30.50 | |
| R10 | + | 0.20 | + | |
| | | | | |





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10. PARTNUMBER DECODER

$uSD-08UGX^8X^9X^{10}X^{11}X^{12}X^{13}X^{14}X^{15}$

| $X^1X^2X^3$ | X ⁴ X ⁵ | X^6X^7 | $X^8 X^9 X^{10} X^{11} X^{12}$ | X ¹³ | X ¹⁴ | X ¹⁵ |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | 016GB | A: 3D TLC Standard (-25°C ~ +85°C) | | |
| | | | 032GB | J: 3D TLC Gold (-25°C ~ +85°C) | | |
| uSD | | | 064GB | B: 3D TLC Industrial (-40°C ~ +85°C) | | |
| | 80 | UG | 128GB | V: 3D pSLC Standard (-25°C ~ +85°C) | As bellow | Р |
| | | | 256GB | G: 3D pSLC Gold (-25°C ~ +85°C) | | |
| | 6 | | 512GB | W: 3D pSLC Industrial (-40°C ~ +85°C) | | |
| 4: Spee 6: Spee S: UHS- T: UHS- B: Vide C: Vide D: Vide G: App | d Class 2 d Class 4 d Class 6 d Class 1 l Class 1 l Class 3 o Speed o Speed Class 1 (A | (CL4) (CL6) 0 (CL10) UHS-I-U: UHS-I-U: 5 (V6) 10 (V10) 30 (V30) | 3) | | | |